Plagiarism: word, idea, figure, etc

To the Editor: The recent publication by Habibzadeh and Shashok discussed the importance of direct verbatim textual plagiarism (1). Indeed, plagiarism can be found in many forms, including textual, conceptual, and figure plagiarism (2). However, it is important to realize and understand what is considered plagiarism and what is not. In medicine, the use of a concept proposed by others is very common and this might not be considered plagiarism if the author acknowledges the use by proper referencing and citation. Paraphrasing with adequate referencing and citation can also be acceptable. Many plagiarism detection tools might not be useful in detection of all forms of plagiarism but they still are a tool for detection of simple

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verbatim plagiarism and are better than having no tool to fight the plagiarist.

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In Reply: The comments of Dr Wiwanitkit are well taken. In our article (1), our main concern was to emphasize the big difference between plagiarism of ideas and plagiarism of text, especially in scientific writing, where we believe text is just a transfer medium for ideas, which are the essence of scientific work (2-5). Paraphrasing of a scientific text is not always easy, if possible at all (6). Moreover, it has been shown that even well-educated native English speakers have difficulties with text paraphrasing, particularly if the text happens to be a little bit complex (6).

The evolution of the scientific enterprise is strongly dependent upon adding small pieces of knowledge to previous ideas – a process that is not limited to medicine. We feel that eventually science communication may reach the state in which readers of an article will pay attention only to the ideas presented, not the words or phrases used in the paper. Scientists will be recognized for their ideas rather than their words and eloquence (7). This is very similar to computer languages, which consist of only a few keywords. In a computer program, the algorithm (idea) used is much more important than the syntax. Based on this view, we believe that soon we will need to develop a better definition of "plagiarism."

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